

News from the Center for Medieval and Renaissance Studies	No. 33 May 2021

New Publications continued

Poetry, Art, and Music in Guillaume de Machaut s Earliest Manuscript (BnF fr. 1586), ed. Lawrence Earp and Jared C. Hart (with Domenic Leo) (Turnhout, 2021)

Lawrence Earp, Introduct on

Elizabeth Eva Leach Machaut's First Single-Author Compilation

Anne Stone Made to Measure? On the Int mate Relations between Parchment and Text in MS C s Remede de Fortune

Kate Maxwell A Mult modal Reading of MSC: Order, Decoration, Mutation

Kathleen Wilson Ruf o Court ng Convent on, Compiling Context: Chansonnier Iconography and Beyond in Machaut s MS C

Kyunghee Pyun The Master of the Remede de Fortune and Parisian Ateliers c.

Margaret Goehring Art f ce and Ornament in the *Dit dou Lyon* Garden Miniature

Domenic Leo Coming of Age in Guillaume de Machaut's First Illuminated Dit de l'alerion

Helen J. Swif Telling Tales: What is a dit?

Tamsyn Mahoney-Steel La Loange des dames Quest ons of Genre, Layout, and Chronology in the Collect on of Unnotated Lyrics in Machaut's Earliest Manuscript

Yolanda Plumley Guillaume de Machaut and the Advent of a New School of Lyric c. 1350: The Prest ge of the Past

Jared C. Hart Approaching the Motets in MS C: Structure, Sonority, Sense

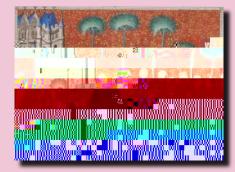
Jacques Boogaart Sound and Cipher: Number Symbolism in Machaut s Motets

Karen Desmond Traces of Revision in Machaut's Motet Bone pastor

For more information, see http://www.brepols.net/Pages/ShowProduct.aspx?prod_id=IS-9782503586915-1

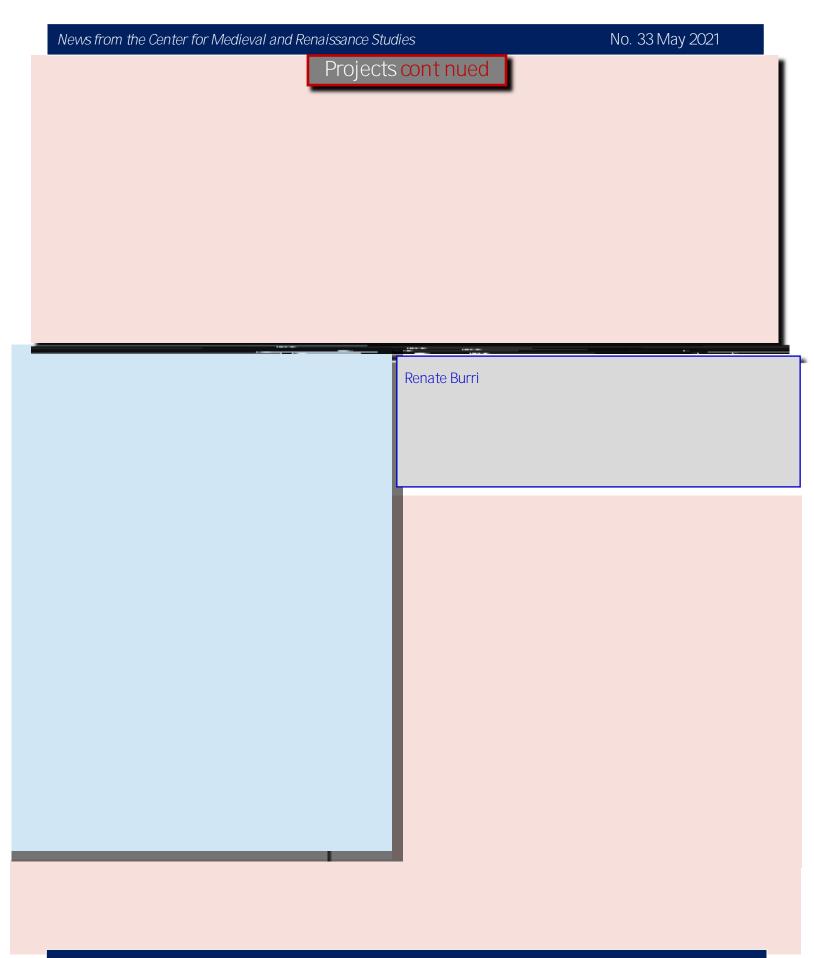


We think with objects—we conduct our lives surrounded by external devices that help us recall informat on, calculate, plan, design, make decisions, art culate ideas, and organize the chaos that fills our heads. Medieval scholars learned to think with their pages in a peculiar way: drawing hundreds of tree diagrams. Lines of Thought is the first át, 2021)



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A brief account of its texts is as follows: 1. Liber medicinarum, about 86 medical recipes, beginning For to staunche the and For the emeraudys (hemorrhoids). Fols. 1, v.	fux, For wormis in a mannys wombe
 Culinary recipes from a collection elsewhere called Utilis Coquinario, beginn and sour fish and ending with a recipe for chunky blancmange (see Hieat & -). Fols. 2 and 7. 	
3. One additional culinary recipe, for clarrey or spiced wine sweetened with ho	
4. Thirteen charms in English and four in Lat n, including three Flum Jordan cha ache, etc. Fols. 7v, – v. Five of the charms were printed from this manuscr af er the bibliographer William Herbert), in	

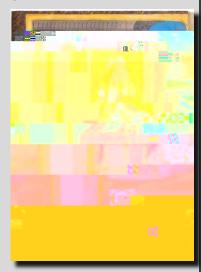
The convent of the Worms Carmelites set led in the city in 1299 at the latest and did not exceed a staf of f f een friars unt I the end of the eighteenth century. The branch thus had about half the size of the Mainz convent; this correlates with the size of both libraries in the late Middle Ages. The chronicle of the order at ests a stock of eighty-six manuscripts for Worms in the middle of the ff eenth century. The destruct on of the convent by Swedish troops in 1632 and the conquest and pillaging of the city in 1689 during the War of the Palat nate Succession intervened in the history of the city and the ecclesiast cal inst tut ons to such an extent that there were extensive losses of books and archival materials. Af er this drast c collapse, the friars rebuilt their library, which was only rudimen tarily preserved and is said to have possessed about 1260 books around 1659. Shortly before the 1st Coalit on War in 1792, the library of the Worms Carmelites had been brought to safety in within the Mainz brothers' branch. Af er the abolit on of their own convent in 1802, all books were transferred to the Mainz University Library, which for its part was transferred to the municipality in 1805. Among the losses of the fre destruct on of 1689 was possibly also a catalog of the sixteenth or seventeenth century. What has survived, however, is a late catalog from the end of the eighteenth century. The forty-sheet manuscript Hs III 62 found its way into the Mainz City Library (Wissenschaf liche Stadtbibliothek Mainz) with the library of the convent in the course of secularizat on. The catalog is divided into a systemat c and an alphabet cal part and is accompan f he courseco cata course o f

Ant quarian News

News from Dr. Jörn Günther Rare Books

Notable Sales Epistres d'Ovide

Dr Jörn Günther Rare Books is delighted to announce the sale of the *Epistres d Ovide*, ht ps://guenther-rarebooks.com/news/16/ to the J. Paul Get y Museum in Los Angeles. Made for Queen Anne de Bretagne around 1493, this stunning manuscript includes French translat ons of Ovid s epistolary poems by Octovien de Saint-Gelais, as well as three addit onal French composit ons. The illuminat on, by the Master of the *Chronique Scandaleuse*, explores the tragedy and beauty of ancient myths, and the women made famous by them.



Book of the Month

Tying in with our themes for the Amor Librorum monthly e-Rendez-Vous, we will feature a Book of the Month on our website. May s theme—Notable Provenance—highlights the Dyson Perrins Psalter-Hours ht ps.//guenther-rarebooks.com/spotlights/84/ (Paris, c. 1250-60).

Once owned by the likes of Sir Thomas Brooke – president of the Yorkshire Archaeological Society, as well as philanthropist and bibliophile, Charles William Dyson Perrins – this beaut ful manuscript is an eminent addit on to any collect on. Its illuminators, the Parisian atelier of the Bible moralisée are known for their copious use of burnished gold and luminous colours. Each text sect on is introduced by historiated init als, and the f gures are elegant, with facial features added with quill and ink.

New Artworks Online

Livy s *History of Rome* ht ps://guenther-rarebooks.com/artworks/9698-master-of-the-champion-des-dames-livy-s-famous-history-of-rome-the-frst-c.-1470/ – the First Decade: Titus Livius, translated by Pierre Besuire, manuscript on paper with 13 pen-and-wash drawings by the Master of the Champion des Dames (French Flanders, Lille, c. 1470)

With gilded illustrations, this paper manuscript brings the first decade of Livy s history of Ancient Rome to life. First commissioned around c. 1350 by King Jean II le Bon of France (1350-1364), it was the first translation of any major classical text into the French vernacular. The illustrations in the present codex focus mainly on the stories of Lucret a and Virginia, suggesting that the manuscript may have been destined for the education of noble women.

